

ISO/IEC 17025:2005 Scope

Purpose

This document lists the specific methods that Bubble Technology Industries (BTI) performs in accordance with ISO/IEC 17025:2005, *General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories*. Please note that BTI is not accredited by a third party. Compliance is confirmed through an internal audit program that meets the requirements of ISO 9001:2015 and ISO/IEC 17025:2005. **This scope was not issued by an accreditation body**.

All radiochemical analysis methods and survey meter calibration methods, including those not listed below, are performed within a quality management system that is ISO 9001 certified by BSI under certificate number FM 502976.

Testing Field: Radiochemical Testing

Type of Test	Test Object	Test Parameter	Available Isotopes	Method Reference	
Gas flow proportional counting	Cloth swipes, Filter papers, Cotton swabs	Gross Alpha Activity	²⁴¹ Am, ²⁵² Cf, ²⁴⁴ Cm, ²³⁸ Pu, ²³⁹ Pu, ²²⁶ Ra	Internally-developed methods described in SOPs BTI-RS-E-3-0004 and BTI-RS-E-3-0005	
Gas flow proportional counting	Cloth swipes, Filter papers, Cotton swabs	Gross Beta Activity	DU, ¹⁴ C, ¹⁴⁷ Pm, ⁶⁰ Co, ¹³⁷ Cs, ³⁶ Cl, ⁹⁰ Sr/ ⁹⁰ Y, ⁵⁵ Fe, ¹⁹² Ir, ⁹⁹ Tc	Internally-developed methods described in SOPs BTI-RS-E-3-0004 and BTI-RS-E-3-0005	
Gamma spectroscopy	Cloth swipes, Filter papers, Cotton swabs	Gamma Activity	¹³³ Ba, ¹⁰⁹ Cd, ⁵⁷ Co, ⁷⁵ Se, ²² Na, ¹³⁷ Cs	Internally-developed methods described in SOPs BTI-RS-E-3-0003 and BTI-RS-E-3-0036	

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Calibration Field: Ionizing Radiation and Radioactivity Measurements

Calibration Object	Quantity	Calibration Isotope	Range (H*(10) Rates)	CMC (±) ⁽¹⁾	Method Reference
Gamma survey meter	Accuracy of dose rate	¹³⁷ Cs ⁽²⁾	~0.45 μSv/h to ~4200 μSv/h	11% reading	SOP BTI-RS-C-3-0002
Neutron survey meter	Accuracy of dose rate	²⁵² Cf ⁽³⁾	~0.92 μSv/h to ~211 μSv/h	13% reading	SOP BTI-RS-C-3-0005

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⁽¹⁾ The CMC is the calibration and measurement capability of the laboratory. It represents the smallest uncertainty that a customer can expect for a calibration measurement. The estimated uncertainty for a measurement may be higher due to the characteristics of the particular survey meter. CMCs are expanded uncertainties produced using a coverage factor of k = 2, which defines an interval estimated to have a level of confidence of 95%.

⁽²⁾ This source is traceable to the SI through the National Research Council of Canada (NRC).

⁽³⁾ This source is traceable to the SI through the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).